

INTRODUCTION TO DESIGN AUTOMATION

Lecture 3. GUI Programming – part 1: GTK

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Outline

- **Introduce basic GUI programming in Gtk.**
- **Learn the concept of widget, event and signal, and callback, etc.**
- **Learn to create menu, open file, edit text, and display figures, etc.**

GTK vs Qt

- **GTK is a toolkit for C programming.**
 - Also possible for C++, but requiring programming skills.
- **Qt is mainly for C++ programming.**

Make a Simple Window (1)

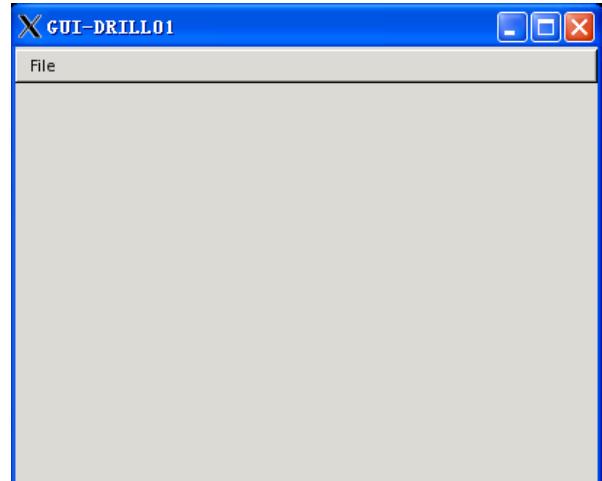
- **gui_drill01.c**

```
#include <stdio.h>      (for GTK lib)  
#include <gtk/gtk.h>
```

```
int main( int argc, char *argv[] )
```

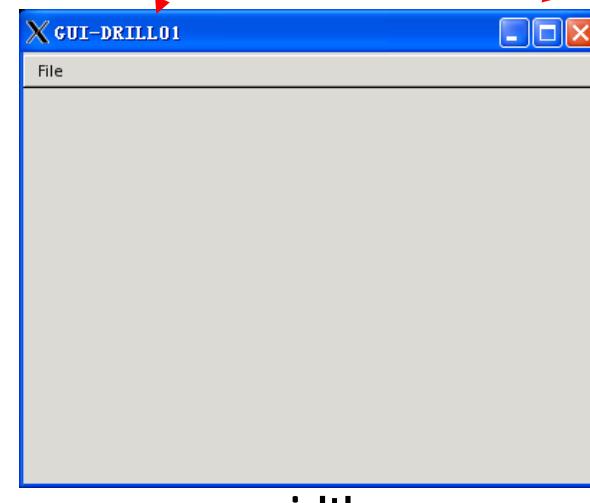
```
{
```

```
    int    win_W0 = 400, win_H0 = 300; /* initial window size */
```



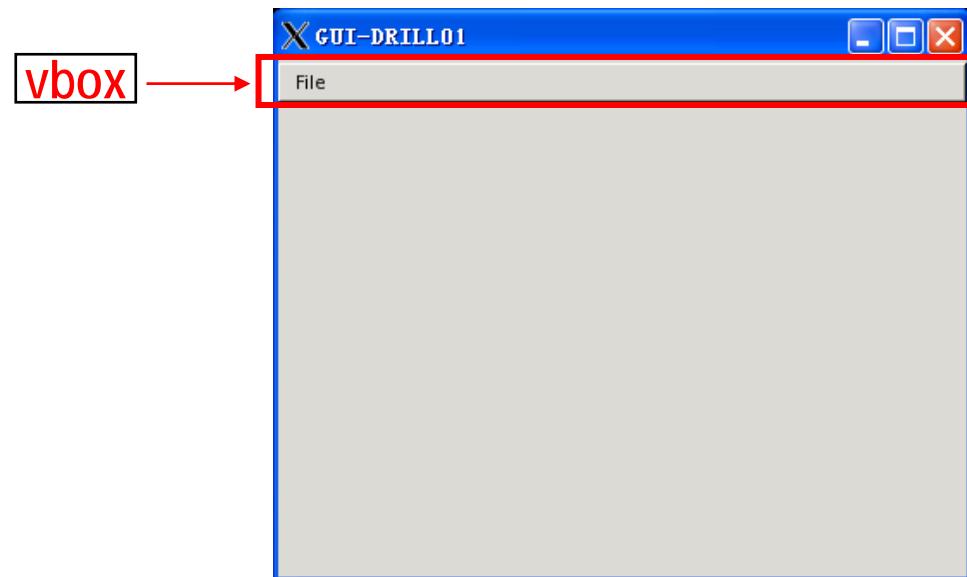
Make a Simple Window (2)

```
gtk_init (&argc, &argv); /* initialized GTK */  
/* Create an initial window */  
GtkWidget *window = gtk_window_new (GTK_WINDOW_TOPLEVEL);  
gtk_widget_set_size_request (GTK_WIDGET (window), \  
                           win_W0, win_H0);  
gtk_window_set_title (GTK_WINDOW (window), "GUI-DRILL01");  
  
g_signal_connect (G_OBJECT (window), "delete_event",  
                  G_CALLBACK (gtk_main_quit), NULL);
```



“vbox” for holding a menu

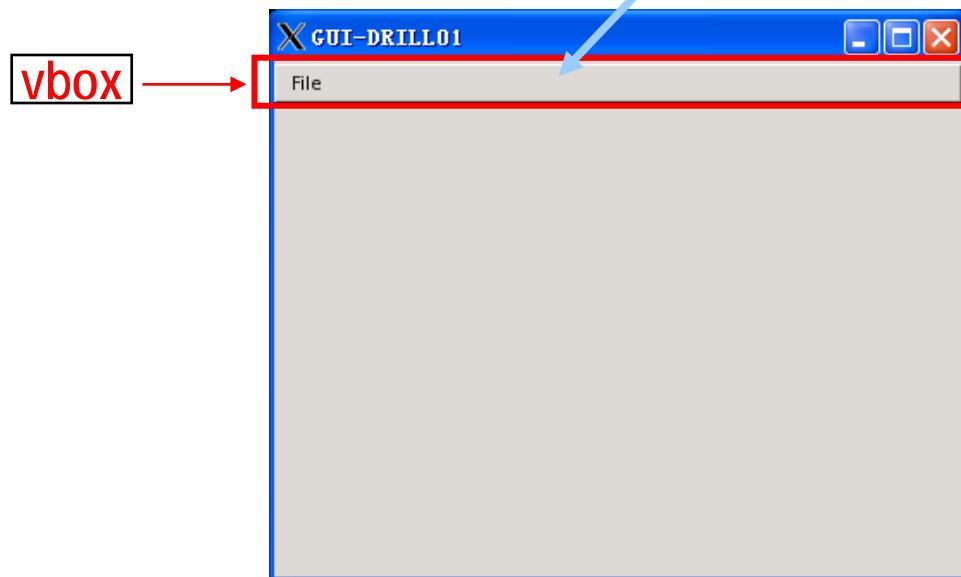
```
/* Make a vbox to hold a menu-bar and other gui layouts. */  
GtkWidget *vbox = gtk_vbox_new (FALSE, 0);  
/* <gboolean homogeneous = FALSE>; controls whether each object in the box  
 * has the same size */  
gtk_container_add (GTK_CONTAINER (window), vbox);  
gtk_widget_show (vbox);
```



Make a menu bar

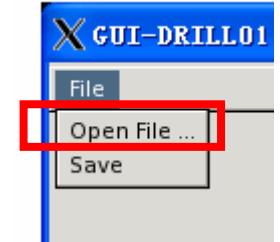
```
/* Create a menu-bar for showing all menu titles. */  
GtkWidget *menu_bar = gtk_menu_bar_new ();  
gtk_box_pack_start (GTK_BOX (vbox), menu_bar, FALSE, FALSE, 2);  
gtk_widget_show (menu_bar);  
  
GtkWidget *menu = gtk_menu_new ();
```

put the menu_bar in vbox



Make the 1st menu item

```
/* (1) Create the 1st menu-item with a name. */  
GtkWidget *menu_item = gtk_menu_item_new_with_label("Open File ...");  
  
/* (1) Append the entry to the menu. */  
gtk_menu_shell_append(GTK_MENU_SHELL(menu), menu_item);  
  
/* (1) Define callback for each menu entry. */  
g_signal_connect_swapped(G_OBJECT(menu_item), "activate",  
    G_CALLBACK(menuitem_response),  
    (gpointer) g_strdup("Open File ..."));  
  
/* (1) Show the 1st menu item. */  
gtk_widget_show(menu_item);
```

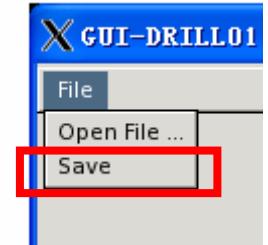


callback function

message passed to callback

Make the 2nd menu item

```
/* (2) Create the 2nd menu-item with a name. */  
menu_item = gtk_menu_item_new_with_label("Save");  
  
/* (2) Append the entry to the menu. */  
gtk_menu_shell_append (GTK_MENU_SHELL(menu), menu_item);  
  
/* (2) Define callback for each menu entry. */  
g_signal_connect_swapped (G_OBJECT(menu_item), "activate",  
                         G_CALLBACK(menuitem_response),  
                         (gpointer) g_strdup("Save"));  
  
/* (2) Show the 2nd menu item. */  
gtk_widget_show (menu_item);
```



Hook up the menu

```
/* Define the menu label */
GtkWidget *menu_head = gtk_menu_item_new_with_label ("File");
gtk_widget_show (menu_head);

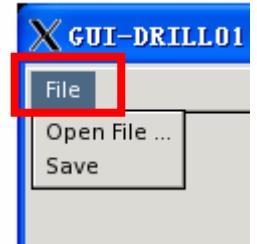
/* Hook up the "menu-items" to the "menu_head" */
gtk_menu_item_set_submenu (GTK_MENU_ITEM (menu_head), menu);

/* Append the menu title to the menu_bar. */
gtk_menu_shell_append (GTK_MENU_SHELL (menu_bar), menu_head);

/* Show the window */
gtk_widget_show (window);

gtk_main ();           /* enter the gtk display loop until the window is destroyed */

return 0;
} /* END OF THE MAIN CODE */
```

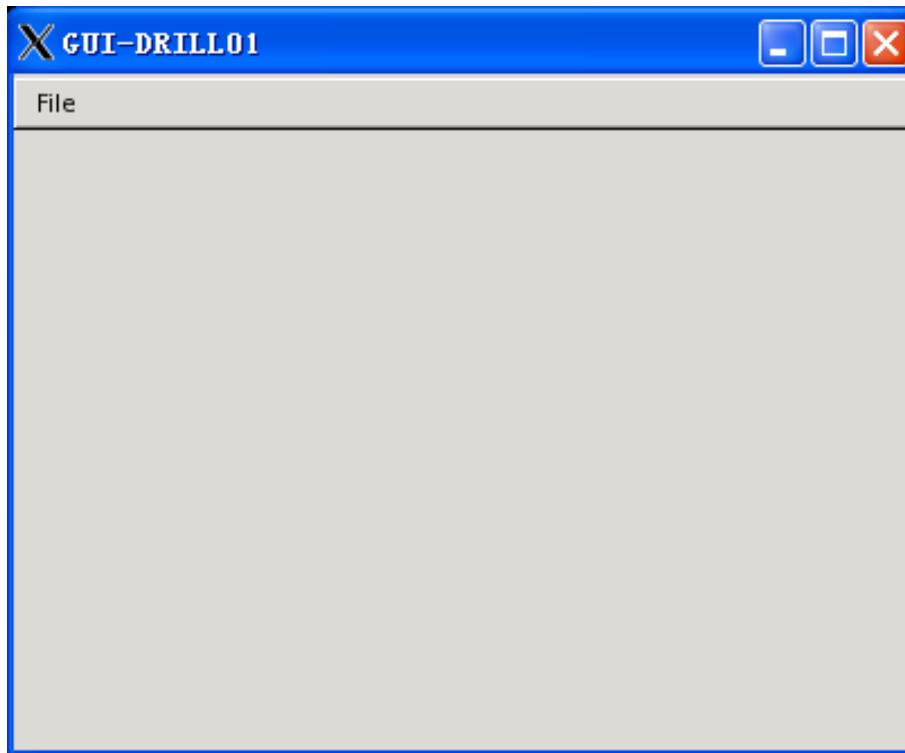


The callback function

```
static void menuitem_response( gchar *string )
{
    printf ("%s\n", string);
}
```

The final window

- The GTK window generated



* Your SPICE simulator should have a window for functionalities and displaying.

Use “makefile”

```
CC = gcc
PROGRAM = gui_drill01

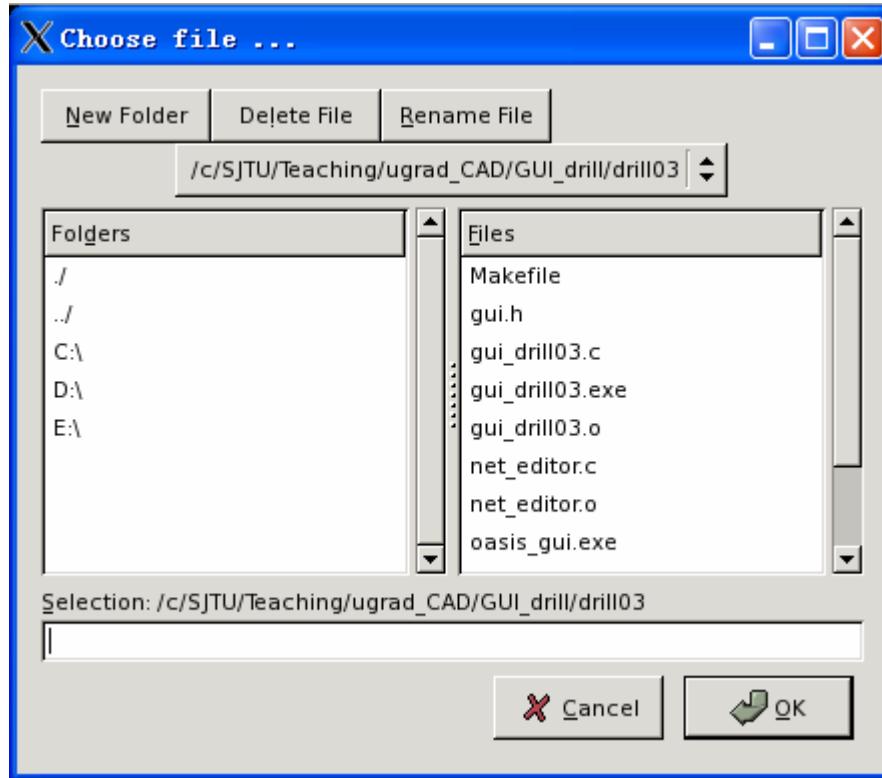
all: $(PROGRAM)

$(PROGRAM): $(PROGRAM).c
    $(CC) $< -o $@ \
        `pkg-config gtk+-2.0 --cflags --libs`
```

(needed for linking to the GTK libraries)

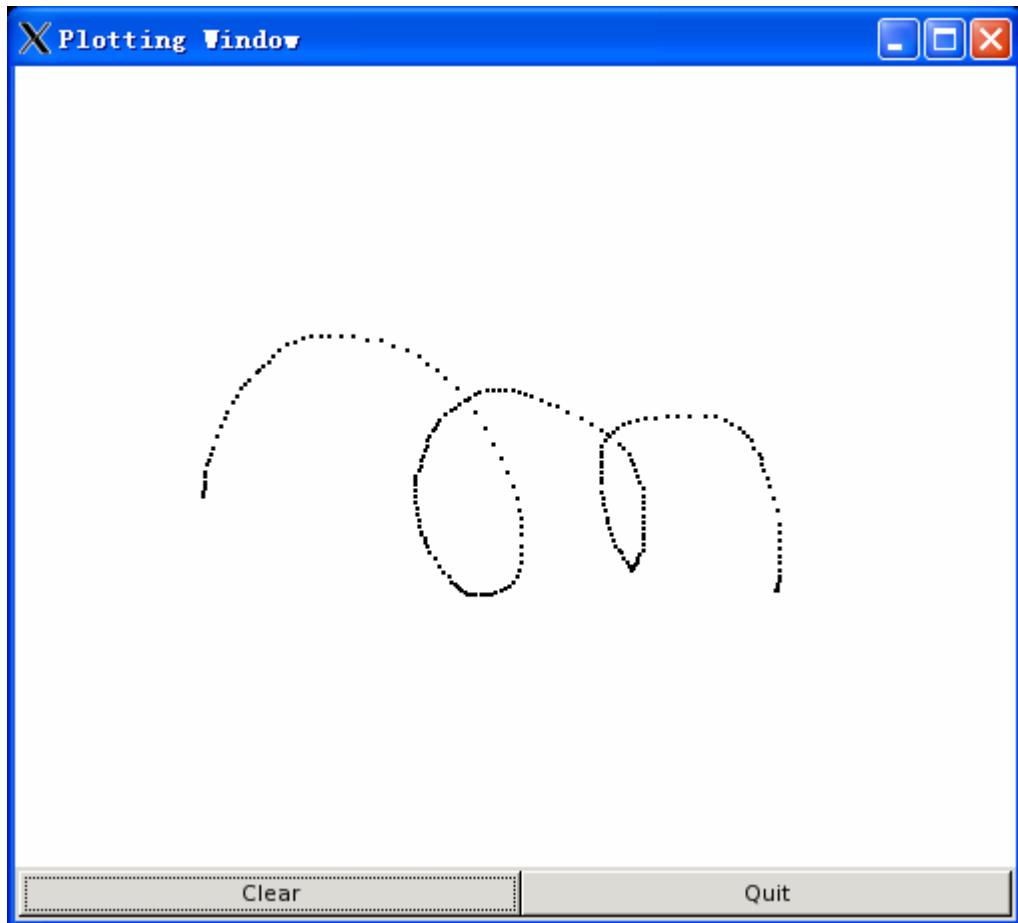
Important: Learn to write “makefile” for compiling your project and for multiple-task programming.

Choose a file to open ...



The "Choose file" widget provided by Gtk.

A scribble window

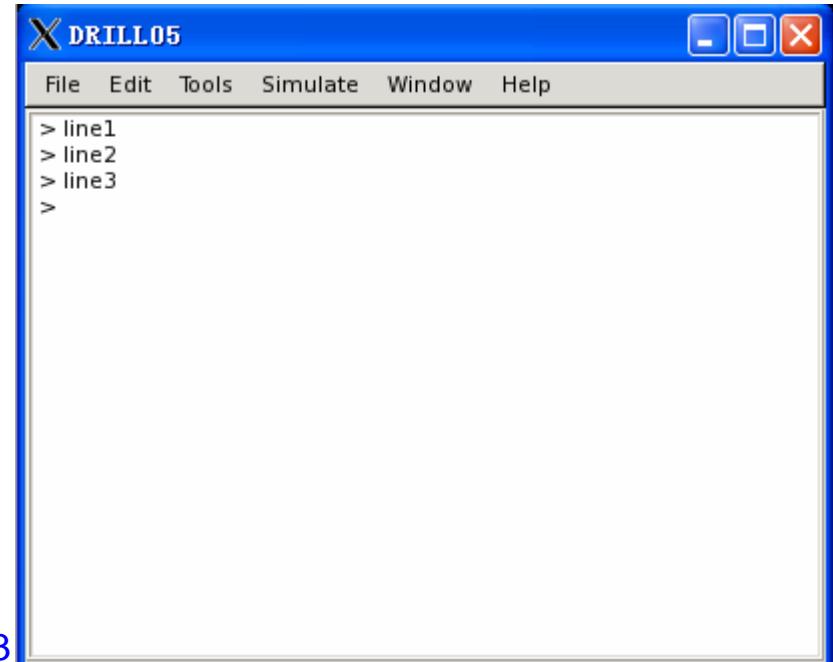


You can program to do hand-drawing.

You also can program to display coordinates and simulation waveforms.

How to make a command window?

- GTK does not provide a widget for use as a command window.
- User can type in text and do text editing in the command window.
- You can use the **text widget** to program a command window.



Command Window

- A command window is not purely a text editor.
- You need a command parser to recognize the commands.
- Programming a text widget into a simple command window is not hard (exercise).
- Programming a sophisticated command window (like the one in MATLAB) requires great programming skills:
 - symbol table; parser; grammar; etc.

Summary

- **Introduced 5 programming drills in this lecture:**
 1. **A simple window with a simple menu.**
 2. **A simple window with a menu system.**
 3. **A window with two menu items working: one for opening a text file, the other for popping up a drawing window.**
 4. **Modify 3 so that multiple text files can be opened in tabs.**
 5. **Create a simple command window (but command line not parsed).**

References

- **GTK+ Reference Manual**
- **GTK+ 2.0 Tutorial**
- **GDK Reference Manual**
 - **GIMP Drawing Kit (APIs for drawing and windowing)**
- **All available online**

Programming Kickoff

- **How to write professional programs?**
 - Divide your project into modules
 - Learn multiple-file programming
 - Compile using “**makefile**”
- After exercising Gtk/Qt for a while, every team must decide on **using one GUI toolkit**.

Assignment 1

This assignment contains the following parts:

- **Learn GTK and run some examples.**
- **Write a simple GUI window containing**
 1. **a menu system;**
 2. **a text editor;**
 3. **a drawing popup window;**
 4. **a simple command window.**

(see the requirements next ...)

Requirement 1

On the menu system:

- The following menu system is for your reference.
- Make your menu system easily modifiable.
- Your menu system always changes as your project proceeds.
- So you should not “hard-code” your menu;
- rather, think about “clever” programming to make the menu change easy.

File	Edit	Tools	Simulate	Window	Help
Open Netlist ... Save Save As ... Exit	Delete Undelete Copy	Floorplan Placement Route Extraction	Spice Digital Mixed-Signal	New Window Arrange All Cascade	Help & Support About ... Contact Developer

Requirement 2

- Add the following two functions to your menu
 1. Open a text file editor
 2. Pop up a window for hand drawing
- You can use the GTK examples in the GTK package you download.
- Understand the examples and put **the separated code** together in one GUI program.

Assignment Due

The rule for “due” through out the course is:

- Submit your finished assignment (including code and documents) to Moodle in one week after the lecture is finished.
- Your turn-in must include:
 - A text report describing the programming details;
 - Your source code must be well-commented;
 - Must have a makefile.
 - Don't use any automatically generated makefile.